



MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF
BIGHORN
 HERITAGE INVENTORY



2 Mount Kidd Crescent, Exshaw



This circa 1947 one and one-half storey catalogue house has a medium gable roof with flared eaves, and an open front porch with a hipped roof and wood panel door. It is located on a large corner lot on a residential crescent in the hamlet of Exshaw. This residence is significant for its catalogue house construction and design, and for its association with the theme of the development of Exshaw.

4 Mount Kidd Crescent, Exshaw



This circa 1947 one and one-half storey catalogue house has a medium gable roof with flared eaves and an open front porch with a hipped roof. It is located on a large lot on a residential crescent in the hamlet of Exshaw. This residence is significant for its catalogue house construction and design, and for its association with the theme of the development of Exshaw.

6 Mount McGillivray Drive, Exshaw



This 1947 one and one-half storey catalogue house has a medium gable roof with flared eaves, and an open front porch with a hipped roof. It is located on a single lot on a residential street in the hamlet of Exshaw. This residence is significant for its catalogue house construction and design, and for its association with the theme of the development of Exshaw.

7 Mount Kidd Crescent, Exshaw



This circa 1947 one and one-half storey catalogue house has a medium gable roof with flared eaves and an open front porch with a hipped roof. It is located on a large lot on a residential crescent in the hamlet of Exshaw. This residence is significant for its catalogue house construction and design, and for its association with the theme of the development of Exshaw.

11 Pigeon Mountain Drive, Exshaw



This circa 1947 one and one-half storey catalogue house has a medium gable roof with flared eaves, a shed roof extension on one side, and a shed roof enclosed front porch. It is located on a single lot on a residential street in the hamlet of Exshaw. This residence is significant for its catalogue house construction and design, and for its association with the theme of the development of Exshaw.

25 Mount Allen Drive, Exshaw



The 1956 Willen Duplex is a two-storey residential duplex with two separate entrances on the front façade. The residence has a low pitch hip roof, with stucco and clapboard siding. It is located on a large lot on a residential street adjacent to the Exshaw School in the hamlet of Exshaw. The Willen Duplex is significant for its association with the theme of the development of education in Exshaw, and for its design.

214 Blue Jay Drive, Harvie Heights



This 1950s renovation of a circa 1920 one-storey residence has an asymmetrical roof and a stucco finish. It is located on a single lot on a residential street in the hamlet of Harvie Heights. This residence is significant for its association with the theme of the development in the Bow Valley, and for its Arts and Crafts design influences.

Butchart Kiln and Old Slot Quarry



The circa 1900 Butchart Kiln and circa 1900 Old Slot Quarry cultural landscape includes the remains of a vertical kiln (ruin) and a slot quarry being reclaimed to its natural state, with an exposed rock face wall. The slot quarry and vertical kiln are located on an access road 180 metres and 250 metres from Highway 1A on Graymont land eight and a half kilometres west of Exshaw. This cultural landscape is significant for its association with the theme of early exploitation of limestone in the Bow Corridor, and for its association with the theme of early settlement in the Bow Corridor.

Canada Cement Company Safety Monument



The 1928 Canada Cement Company Safety Monument is an eight foot tall rectangular concrete monument with a rectangular concrete base, both with etched lettering on the front that includes the words "Safety Follows Wisdom". It is located at the entrance of the Lafarge Cement Plant, adjacent to the hamlet of Exshaw. The Canada Cement Company Safety Monument is significant for its association with the Canada Cement Company Limited Plant No. 12 Exshaw, Alberta, and for its symbolic value.

Mount Yamnuska Dynamite Magazine



The circa 1950s Mount Yamnuska Dynamite Magazine is a small stone and concrete structure located off Highway 1A at the base of Mount Yamnuska, also known as Mount John Laurie, in the Wildland Provincial Park. The dynamite magazine is located one kilometre from the Mount Yamnuska trail head parking lot, on a discontinued access road leading to a Lafarge quarry. The Mount Yamnuska Dynamite Magazine is significant for its construction, and for its association with the Canada Cement Company Limited.